9th Grade Algebra 1 Options: The Major Differences

|  | Algebra 1 \#2170 | Advanced Algebra 1 \#2160 |
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| Writing | Short answer on selected tests or <br> quizzes to explain a topic. Not <br> often. | Short answer on most tests. <br> AP style questions as quizzes. <br> Must explain/interpret higher level concepts <br> without numbers. |
| Computation | Practice computation by hand <br> and also given the support of the <br> calculator to get to the answers. | Most topics are required to show all <br> computation by hand. No calculator tricks. <br> Calculator methods used only to check <br> answers. |
| Pace | 2-3 sections per week | 3-4 sections per week |
| Tests | 3-4 per nine weeks <br> $12-15$ questions: multiple choice, <br> matching. Graphing Calculator <br> allowed. | 3-4 per nine weeks <br> Part 1: 15-25 questions: multiple choice, <br> matching, and short answer <br> Part 2: AP/college- level supplement (multi- <br> step problem, showing work and <br> explanation to justify answers.) <br> Calculator/Non-Calculator Parts |
| Quizzes | 2-4 times a week <br> 4-10 questions |  |
| *5-12 mins |  |  |

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30. The equation of the line shown can be written in the standard form $2 x+B y=-6$. What is the value of $B$ ?

31. For what value of $k$ are the graphs of $y=3 x+4$ and $2 y=k x+9$ parallel?
32. Simplify $\left(\frac{a^{m}}{b^{t}}\right)^{x}$
33. Simplify $x^{n} \cdot x^{c} \cdot y^{-b}$
34. Is $\boldsymbol{x}^{\boldsymbol{y}} \cdot \boldsymbol{x}^{\boldsymbol{z}}=\boldsymbol{x}^{\boldsymbol{y z}}$ sometimes, always or never true? Explain.
